

Aligning Accreditation and the Foundational Public Health Capabilities

Public Health National Center for Innovations
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Introduction

The Public Health Accreditation Board (PHAB) is the nonprofit accrediting body for Tribal, state, local, and territorial public health departments. In November 2015, PHAB launched the Public Health National Center for Innovations (PHNCI), a new division established to identify, implement, and spread innovations in public health practice to help meet the health challenges of the 21st century in communities nationwide. This document explains the alignment between version 1.5 of the accreditation standards and measures and version 1.0 of the foundational capabilities as part of the foundational public health services framework developed under the guidance of the Public Health Leadership Forum and RESOLVE.

Accreditation Standards and Measures Overview

The *PHAB Standards and Measures Version 1.5* document sets forth the domains, standards, measures, and required documentation public health departments must meet in order to become accredited.

- <u>Domains</u> are groups of standards that pertain to a broad group of public health services. There are 12 Domains: the first ten domains address the Ten Essential Public Health Services; Domain 11 addresses management and administration; and Domain 12 addresses governance.
- <u>Standards</u> are the required level of achievement that a health department is expected to meet.
- Measures provide a way of evaluating if the standard is met.
- Required documentation demonstrates the degree to which a health department conforms to a measure.

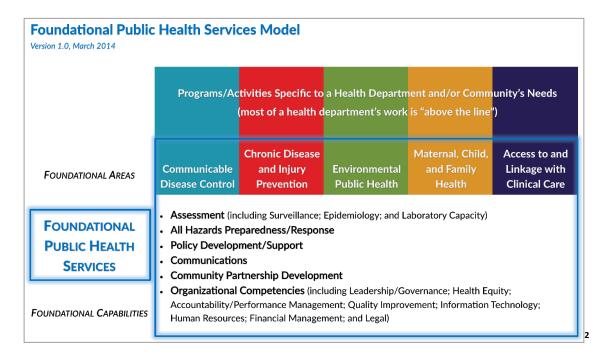
a this decument, the DUAD Standay	and Manauron are preceded by the demain nur	where and brief description of th	a damain The she	rt balaw pravidaa			
	rds and Measures are preceded by the domain nur ds, measures, and required documentation, guidar						
STANDARD:	This is the standard to which	the measure appl	ies.				
MEASURE	PURPOSE	SIGNIFICANCE					
This section states the measure on which the health department	The purpose of this measure is to assess the health department's	This section describes the r that is being assessed.	necessity for the ca	pacity or activity			
is being evaluated.	This section describes the public health capacity or activity on which the health department is being assessed.	ction describes the public health y or activity on which the health					
REQUIRED DOCUMENTATION	GUIDANCE		NUMBER OF EXAMPLES	DATED WITHIN			
Documentation of:	1. The health department must provide/de	ocument that	X examples	X years			
This section lists the documentation that the health department must provide as evidence that it is in conformity with the measure.	This section provides guidance specific to the re Types of materials may be described, e.g., mee member list, etc. Examples may also be provide state if the documentation is department-wide of documentation is required.	ting minutes, partnership ed here. This section will	This section states the number of examples required	This section states the time frame for the date on the documentation.			
The documentation will be numbered:	documentation is required.			The date on the documentation must be within			
1. Xxx 2. Xxx				the number of months or			
a) xxx				years specified before the date			
b) xxx				of submission of all of the			
				documentation to PHAB.			

¹ PHAB Standards and Measures Version 1.5. Alexandria, VA: Public Health Accreditation Board. April 2014. Available at http://www.phaboard.org/wp-content/uploads/PHABSM_WEB_LR1.pdf.

Foundational Public Health Services Overview

The foundational public health services (FPHS) version 1.0 is a conceptual framework outlining the capabilities and areas (i.e., programs) that no health department should be without and for which costs can be estimated. The framework also leaves space for additional important programs and activities that are specific to the needs of the community served by the health department.

- <u>Foundational capabilities</u> are cross-cutting skills and capacities needed to support the
 foundational areas, and other programs and activities, key to protecting the community's health
 and achieving equitable health outcomes.
- <u>Foundational areas</u> are those substantive areas of expertise or program-specific activities in all governmental public health departments also essential to protect the community's health.
- <u>Programs and activities specific to a health department or a community's needs</u> are those determined to be of additional critical significance to a specific community's health and also are supported by the foundational capabilities and areas.



Alignment between the PHAB Standards and Measures and the Foundational Capabilities

The accreditation standards and measures and the foundational capabilities were developed for different reasons. Accreditation was developed as a tool to improve the performance and quality of public health departments, while the foundational capabilities were developed based on an Institute of Medicine committee recommendation for a minimum package of public health services to make the case for sustainable funding and to describe what is needed everywhere for public health to function anywhere:

"The [Committee on Public Health Strategies to Improve Health] believes that it is a critical step to develop a detailed description of a basic set of public health services that must be made available in all jurisdictions. The basic set must be specifically defined in a manner that allows cost estimation to be used as a basis for an accounting and management framework and

² Defining and Constituting Foundational "Capabilities" and "Areas" Version 1 (V-1). Washington, DC: Public Health Leadership Forum. March 2014. Available at http://phnci.org/assets/Foundational%20Capabilities%20and%20Areas%20version%201.0.pdf.

compared among revenues, activities, and outcomes. The committee developed the concept of a minimum package of public health services, which includes the foundational capabilities and an array of basic programs no health department can be without."³

Despite this difference, the accreditation standards and measures and the foundational capabilities were both developed by the field for the field, and describe core elements of governmental public health practice. There is significant alignment between the two as outlined in the following tables. The first table provides a high-level overview of the alignments, followed by a more detailed table reflecting the elements of each foundational capability. Collectively, the tables reflect how an accredited health department embodies the foundational capabilities.

While this document reflects the alignment with the foundational capabilities, it is not reflective of any state-specific versions of the FPHS. As changes in the foundational capabilities and the accreditation standards and measures occur, PHNCI and PHAB will update this document accordingly.

Summary Table of the Alignment between the PHAB Standards and Measures and the Foundational Capabilities. The "Foundational Capabilities" column lists each capability per the national FPHS model. The "PHAB Standards and Measures Version 1.5 Domains" columns provide one column per PHAB domain. Where there is alignment between the capability and the domain, the cells are filled in with the color green to indicate the alignment. The Appendix at the end of this document lists the full domain names for reference.

5 Lv. 10 Lv.		PHA	B Star	ndard	s and	Meas	sures	Versi	on 1.5	5 Don	nains	
Foundational Capabilities	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Assessment, including Surveillance, Epidemiology,												
Laboratory Capacity, and Vital Records												
All Hazards Preparedness/Response												
Communications												
Policy Development/Support												
Community Partnership Development												
Organizational Competencies:												
 Leadership and Governance 												
 Health Equity 												
 Accountability, Performance Management, 												
and Quality Improvement												
 Information Technology Services, including 												
Privacy and Security												
 Human Resources Services 												
 Financial Management, Contract, and 												
Procurement Services, including Facilities and												
Operations												
 Legal Services and Analysis 												

³ For the Public's Health: Investing in a Healthier Future. Washington, DC: Institute of Medicine. April 2012. Available at http://nationalacademies.org/hmd/reports/2012/for-the-publics-health-investing-in-a-healthier-future.aspx.

Detail Table of the Alignment between the PHAB Standards and Measures and the Foundational Capabilities

The definitions of each capability are listed in the first column. The "PHAB Standards and Measures Version 1.5

Domains" columns provide one column per PHAB domain. Where there is alignment between the definition of the

capability and the domain, the cells are filled in with a **black dot** to indicate the alignment. The <u>Appendix</u> at the end of this document lists the full domain names for reference.

Foundational Canability		PHAI	3 Star	ndard	s and	Meas	sures	Versi	on 1.5	Don	nains	
Foundational Capability	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Assessment, including Surveillance, Epidemiology, Laboratory Capacity, and Vital Records												
 Ability to collect sufficient foundational data to develop and maintain electronic information systems to guide public health planning and decision-making at the state and local level. Foundational data include Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance Survey (BRFSS), a youth survey (such as YRBS), and vital records, including the personnel and software and hardware development that enable the collection of foundational data. 	•											
 Ability to access, analyze, and use data from (at least) seven specific information sources, including (1) U.S. Census data, (2) vital statistics, (3) notifiable conditions data, (4) certain health care clinical and administrative data sets including available hospital discharge, insurance claims data, and Electronic Health Records (EHRs), (5) BRFSS, (6) nontraditional community and environmental health indicators, such as housing, transportation, walkability/green space, agriculture, labor, and education, and (7) local and state chart of accounts. 	•											
 Ability to prioritize and respond to data requests, including vital records, and to translate data into information and reports that are valid, statistically accurate, and accessible to the intended audiences. 	•											
 Ability to conduct a community and statewide health assessment and identify health priorities arising from that assessment, including analysis of health disparities. 	•				•							
 Ability to access 24/7 laboratory resources capable of providing rapid detection. 		•										

	Foundational Canability		PHA	B Stai	ndard	s and	Mea	sures	Versi	on 1.	5 Don	<u>nains</u>	
	Foundational Capability	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
All	Hazards Preparedness/Response												
	Ability and capacity to develop, exercise, and												
	maintain preparedness and response												
	strategies and plans, in accordance with												
	established guidelines, to address natural or		•			•							
	other disasters and emergencies, including												
	special protection of vulnerable populations.												
_	Ability and capacity to lead the Emergency												
	Support Function 8 – Public Health & Medical		•			•							
	for the county, region, jurisdiction, and state.												
_	Ability to activate the emergency response												
	personnel and communications systems in												
	the event of a public health crisis; coordinate												
	with federal, state, and local emergency		•			•							
	managers and other first responders; and												
	operate within, and as necessary lead, the												
	incident management system.												
_	Ability to maintain and execute a continuity												
	of operations plan that includes a plan to												
	access financial resources to execute an		•			•							
	emergency and recovery response.												
_	Ability to establish and promote basic,												
	ongoing community readiness, resilience, and												
	preparedness by enabling the public to take		•			•							
	necessary action before, during, or after a												
	disaster.												
_	Ability to issue and enforce emergency health						•						
	orders.												
_	Ability to be notified of and respond to		•			•							
	events on a 24/7 basis.												
_	Ability to function as a Laboratory Response												
	Network (LRN) Reference laboratory for biological agents and as an LRN chemical		•			•							
	laboratory at a level designated by CDC.												
Col	mmunications												
331													
_	Ability to maintain ongoing relations with												
	local and statewide media including the												
	ability to write a press release, conduct a												
	press conference, and use electronic			•									
	communication tools to interact with the												
	media.												
-	Ability to write and implement a routine												
	communication plan that articulates the												
	health department's mission, value, role, and			•									•
	responsibilities in its community, and support												
	department and community leadership in												
	communicating these messages.												

	- 1 10 1		PHA	B Stai	ndard	s and	Mea	sures	Versi	on 1.5	5 Don	nains	
	Foundational Capability	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
-	Ability to develop and implement a risk communication strategy, in accordance with Public Health Accreditation Board Standards, to increase visibility of a specific public health issue and communicate risk. This includes the ability to provide information on health risks and associated behaviors.		•	•									
-	Ability to transmit and receive routine communications to and from the public in an appropriate, timely, and accurate manner, on a 24/7 basis.		•	•									
_	Ability to develop and implement a proactive health education/health prevention strategy (distinct from other risk communications) that disseminates timely and accurate information to the public in culturally and linguistically appropriate (i.e., 508 compliant) formats for the various communities served, including through the use of electronic communication tools.		•	•								•	
Pol	icy Development/Support												
-	Ability to serve as a primary and expert resource for establishing, maintaining, and developing basic public health policy recommendations that are evidence-based, grounded in law, and legally defendable. This ability includes researching, analyzing, costing out, and articulating the impact of such policies and rules where appropriate, as well as the ability to organize support for these policies and rules and place them before an entity with the legal authority to adopt them. Ability to effectively inform and influence policies being considered by other governmental and non-governmental agencies within your jurisdiction that can improve the physical, environmental, social, and accommission of the service services affecting books.					•	•						
	and economic conditions affecting health but are beyond the immediate scope or authority of the governmental public health department.												

	Farmdak's as I Constitute		PHA	B Star	<u>ndard</u>	s and	Meas	sures	Versi	on 1.5	5 Don	nains	
	Foundational Capability	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Con	nmunity Partnership Development												
_	Ability to create, convene, and sustain strategic, non-program specific relationships with key health-related organizations; community groups or organizations representing populations experiencing health												
	disparities or inequities; private businesses and health care organizations; and relevant federal, tribal, state, and local government agencies and non-elected officials.												
_	Ability to create, convene, and support strategic partnerships.				•	•							
_	Ability to maintain trust with and engage community residents at the grassroots level.				•								
_	Ability to strategically select and articulate governmental public health roles in programmatic and policy activities and coordinate with these partners.				•								
-	Ability to convene across governmental agencies, such as departments of transportation, aging, substance abuse/mental health, education, planning and development, or others, to promote health, prevent disease, and protect residents of the health department's geopolitical jurisdiction.				•			•					
-	Ability to engage members of the community in a community health improvement process that draws from community health assessment data and establishes a plan for addressing priorities. The community health improvement plan can serve as the basis for partnership development and coordination of effort and resources.					•							
_	anizational Competency: Leadership and ernance												
-	Ability to lead internal and external stakeholders to consensus, with movement to action, and to serve as the public face of governmental public health in the department's jurisdiction.			•	•								
_	Ability to directly engage in health policy development, discussion, and adoption with local, state, and national policymakers, and to define a strategic direction of public health initiatives.				•	•							

			PHA	B Star	ndard	s and	Meas	sures	Versi	on 1.!	5 Don	nains	
	Foundational Capability	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
_	Ability to engage with the appropriate												
	governing entity about the department's						•						•
	public health legal authorities and what new												
Orc	laws and policies might be needed. anizational Competency: Health Equity												
Ole	anizational Competency. Health Equity												
_	Ability to strategically coordinate health												
	equity programming through a high level,												
	strategic vision and/or subject matter	•		•				•				•	
	expertise which can lead and act as a resource to support such work across the												
	department.												
Org	anizational Competency: Accountability,												
	formance Management, and Quality												
Imp	rovement ⁴												
	Alder a few and												
_	Ability to perform according to accepted business standards and to be accountable in												
	accordance with applicable relevant federal,												
	state, and local laws and policies and to					•							
	assure compliance with national and Public												
	Health Accreditation Board Standards.												
_	Ability to maintain a performance												
	management system to monitor achievement									•			
	of organizational objectives.												
_	Ability to identify and use evidence-based												
	and/or promising practices when implementing new or revised processes,												
	programs and/or interventions at the										•		
	organizational level.												
_	Ability to maintain an organization-wide												
	culture of quality improvement using												
	nationally recognized framework quality												
	improvement tools and methods.												
_	anizational Competency: Information hnology Services, including Privacy and												
	urity												
_	Ability to maintain and procure the hardware												
	and software needed to access electronic												
	health information and to support the	•										•	
	department's operations and analysis of health data.												
	Ability to support, use, and maintain												
	communication technologies needed to	•											
	interact with community residents.												
	1	l	l	l	·	l	·		l	1	l	ı	

⁴ The PHAB accreditation process is built upon the activities listed in this foundational capability. The domains are noted as places where the principles are specifically mentioned in the **PHAB Standards and Measures Version 1.5**.

	Foundational Capability PHAB Standards and Measures Version 1.5 Domains 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2												
	Foundational Capability	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
k	bility to have the proper systems in place to eep health and human resources data onfidential.											•	
Organ Service	nizational Competency: Human Resources ces												
orgar Mana	bility to develop and maintain a competent vorkforce, including recruitment, retention, nd succession planning; training; and erformance review and accountability. nizational Competency: Financial agement, Contract, and Procurement ces, including Facilities and Operations								•			•	
b e w	bility to establish a budgeting, auditing, illing, and financial system and chart of xpense and revenue accounts in compliance vith federal, state, and local standards and olicies.											•	
(§	bility to secure grants or other funding governmental and not) and demonstrate ompliance with an audit required for the ources of funding utilized.											•	
- A	bility to procure, maintain, and manage safe acilities and efficient operations.											•	
Organ Analy	nizational Competency: Legal Services and sistematics												
se re	bility to access and appropriately use legal ervices in planning, implementing, and nforcing, public health initiatives, including elevant administrative rules and due rocess.						•						

Additional questions on this alignment document should be addressed to Jessica Solomon Fisher, Chief Innovations Officer, at jitsher@phnci.org or 703-778-4549 ext. 116.

Appendix: PHAB Standards and Measures Version 1.5 Domains

Domain 1	Conduct and disseminate assessments focused on population health status and public health issues facing the community
Domain 2	Investigate health problems and environmental public health hazards to protect the community
Domain 3	Inform and educate about public health issues and functions
Domain 4	Engage with the community to identify and address health problems
Domain 5	Develop public health policies and plans
Domain 6	Enforce public health laws
Domain 7	Promote strategies to improve access to health care
Domain 8	Maintain a competent public health workforce
Domain 9	Evaluate and continuously improve processes, programs, and interventions
Domain 10	Contribute to and apply the evidence base of public health
Domain 11	Maintain administrative and management capacity
Domain 12	Maintain capacity to engage the public health governing entity





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